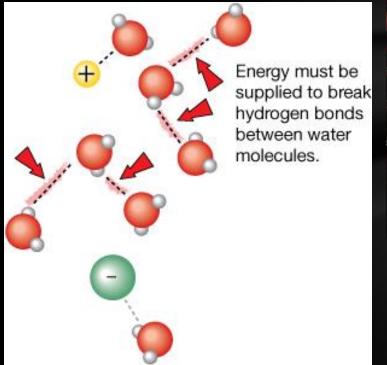
Energy & Reactions

- For atoms to react, bonds have to be broken.
- This takes energy. (activation energy)





Many forms of energy can be used to break bonds.

Energy can be transferred as....



<u>Heat energy</u>-a form of energy associated with the movement of atoms and molecules in any material

Ex. Hand warmers



<u>Light Energy-</u>Energy in the form of waves

Ex. Glow Sticks

<u>Sound Energy-</u>a form of **energy** that is associated with vibrations of matter.

Ex. Fireworks

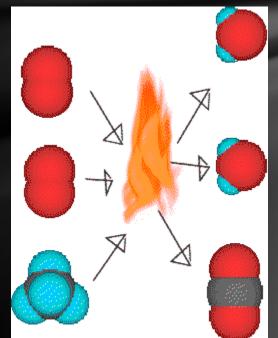
<u>Electricity-</u>a form of energy resulting from the existence of charged particles

Ex. Batteries



<u>Chemical Energy</u>

The energy released when a chemical compound reacts to produce new compounds.



<u>Exothermic</u>

- More energy is released when the product forms than it takes to break the bonds in the reactants.
- Energy is Released
- It gets Hotter

<u>Endothermic</u>

- More energy is needed to break the bonds in the reactants than is given off by forming bonds in the products.
- Energy is Absorbed
- It Gets Colder

Image: State of the state

ENDOTHERMIC REACTION?